

Appl. No. 10/647,320  
Reply to Official Action mailed on January 28, 2008

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The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-12 (cancelled).

Claim 13 (currently amended) A method for encoding an audio signal comprising:  
receiving the audio signal;  
~~determining an inharmonicity index in dependence upon the received audio signal;~~  
~~decomposing the audio signal using a plurality of bandpass auditory filters, each of the filters~~  
~~producing an output signal;~~  
~~determining an envelope of each output signal using a Hilbert transform;~~  
~~determining a pitch value of each envelope using autocorrelation;~~  
~~determining an average pitch error for each pitch value by comparing the pitch value with the~~  
~~other pitch values;~~  
~~calculating a pitch variance of the average pitch errors;~~  
~~determining an inharmonicity index as a function of the pitch variance;~~  
determining a masking threshold in dependence upon the inharmonicity index using a  
psychoacoustic model; and,  
encoding the audio signal in dependence upon the masking threshold.

Claim 14 (cancelled)

Claim 15 (currently amended) A method for encoding an audio signal as defined in claim  
[[14]]13 wherein the inharmonicity index covers a range of 10 dB.

Claim 16 (original) A method for encoding an audio signal as defined in claim 15 wherein the  
inharmonicity index for a perfect harmonic signal has a zero value.

Claim 17 (currently amended) A method for encoding an audio signal as defined in claim  
[[14]]13 wherein the plurality of bandpass auditory filters comprises a gammatone filterbank.

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**Claim 18 (original)** A method for encoding an audio signal as defined in claim 17 wherein a lowest frequency of the gammatone filterbank is chosen such that the auditory filter centered at the lowest frequency passes at least two harmonics.

**Claim 19 (original)** A method for encoding an audio signal as defined in claim 18 wherein the lowest frequency is set to twice the inverse of the median of the pitch values.

**Claim 20 (original)** A method for encoding an audio signal as defined in claim 18 wherein the psychoacoustic model is a MPEG psychoacoustic model.

**Claim 21 (original)** A method for encoding an audio signal as defined in claim 20 wherein a Tone-Masking-Noise Parameter of the MPEG-1 psychoacoustic model 2 is modified using the inharmonicity index.

**Claims 22-35 (cancelled)**

**Claim 36 (previously presented)** A method comprising:  
receiving an audio signal;  
decomposing the audio signal using a plurality of bandpass auditory filters, each of the filters producing an output signal;  
determining an envelope of each output signal using a Hilbert transform;  
determining a pitch value of each envelope using autocorrelation;  
determining an average pitch error for each pitch value by comparing the pitch value with the other pitch values;  
calculating a pitch variance of the average pitch errors;  
determining the inharmonicity index as a function of the pitch variance;  
using the inharmonicity index adjusting a psychoacoustic model;  
determining a masking threshold using the adjusted psychoacoustic model; and,  
providing the masking threshold.

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Claim 37 (previously presented) A method as defined in claim 36 comprising:  
processing the audio signal in dependence upon the masking threshold.

Claim 38 (previously presented) A method as defined in claim 36 wherein the psychoacoustic  
model is a MPEG psychoacoustic model.

Claim 39 (previously presented) A method as defined in claim 38 wherein a Tone-Masking-  
Noise Parameter of the MPEG-1 psychoacoustic model 2 is modified using the inharmonicity  
index.

Claims 40-43 (cancelled).